

[DATE: / / ]

# History ch 2 -> The Earliest Societies Q1 Ans

Write and learn properly. homework - 2

Q1) which period is known as the Stone Age?  
class - 6 Page

Ans) The Stone Age was the period during which stone was the most widely used material for making tools.

Q2) What are flake tools?

Ans) Flake tools were made from the sharp pieces (flakes) that broke off while shaping core tools.

Q3) What are core tools?

Ans) Core tools were made by chipping off pieces from chunks of rock or hand-sized pebbles.

4. Where is Hunsgi situated?

Ans Hunsgi, in Karnataka, is situated in the Shorapur Deab, that is, the land between the river Krishna and its tributary Bhima.

6. What were the two basic types of stone tools that palaeolithic man made?

Ans The two basic types of stone tools are :- core tools and flake tools.  
core tools  $\rightarrow$  made by chipping off pieces from rocks and pebbles.

flake tools  $\rightarrow$  made from sharp pieces that broke off while sharpening core tools.

Civics Ch - 2 - Prejudice and Discrimination  
QAns

Homework - 2  
Class - 6

1.4 Mention one ill effect of prejudices.

Ans Negative or bad opinions about those who are not like us are called prejudices.

2.4 Mention one ill effect of stereotypes.

Ans When we fit all persons of a particular group into one fixed image we create a stereotype. Stereotype are based on prejudices.

3.4 Why do we need a government?

Ans Governments provide the parameters for every day behavior for citizens, protect

them from outside interference, and often provide for their well-being and happiness. In the last few centuries, some economists and thinkers have advocated government control over some aspects of the economy.

Q4 ~~write~~ Name the three government organs of the government.

Ans The three types of government organs of the government are :-

- (i) Dictatorship
- (ii) Democracy
- (iii) Monarchy

Q5 Which is the highest court of India?

Ans The highest court in India is the Supreme Court.

Geography ch-2 - Maps  
Q/Ans

homework - 2  
Class - 6

Q.1) What is a globe?

Ans. A model of the earth showing important features like continents, oceans, countries, etc.

Q.2) What do we call a book of maps?

Ans. We call Atlas the book of map.

Q.3) What do we call the science of making - maps?

Ans. Cartography the science of making - maps.

Q.4) What is map?

A representation of the curved surface of the whole earth or part of it on a flat sheet of paper according to a chosen scale.

What is north line?

The vertical line with an arrow at the top, marked with the letter 'N', indicating the north direction.